- I. Composite Function (p.677): $(f \circ g)(x) = f[g(x)]$ composition of f(x) with g(x)II. Examples (p.686): Exercises #4,10,12
- III. Inverse Function (p.680):
 - 1. If $(f \circ g)(x) = x = (g \circ f)(x)$ then f(x) and g(x) are inverse functions (*i.e.*, they reverse the effects of each other)
 - 2. $f^{-1}(x)$ denotes a function that is the inverse of f(x)
- IV. Examples (p.686): Exercises #18,20,24
 - V. Procedure for finding $f^{-1}(\mathbf{x})$
 - 1. Switch the variables "*x*" and "*y*"
 - 2. Solve the resulting equation for "*y*"
- VI. Examples (p.687): Exercises #30,32,40,42

HW: pp.686-687 / Exercises#3,7,9,11,13,15,19,21, 25,29,31,33,39,41

Read pp.691-699 (section 9.3)