I. Equation Forms for Lines, Part I:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1. } \mathrm{A} \boldsymbol{x}+\mathrm{B} \boldsymbol{y}=\mathrm{C} \quad \text { Standard form } \\
& \text { 2. } \boldsymbol{y}=\mathrm{m} \boldsymbol{x}+\mathrm{b} \quad \text { Slope-intercept form } \\
& \text { where... } \mathrm{m}=\text { slope } \&(0, \mathrm{~b}) \text { is the } \boldsymbol{y} \text {-intercept }
\end{aligned}
$$

II. Examples (p.239): Problems \#6, 12, 14, 16, 30,40
III. Writing Linear Equations (p.240):

Examples (p.240): \#52,54,58,60

HW: pp.239-240 / Problems \#1-37(every other odd), \#41-67(every other odd)
Read pp.243-246 (section 3.6)
I. Equation Forms for Lines, Part II:

$$
\text { 1. } \mathrm{A} \boldsymbol{x}+\mathrm{B} \boldsymbol{y}=\mathrm{C} \quad \text { Standard form }
$$

2. $\boldsymbol{y}=\mathrm{m} \boldsymbol{x}+\mathrm{b} \quad$ Slope-intercept form where... $\mathrm{m}=$ slope \& $(0, \mathrm{~b})$ is the $y$-intercept
3. $\boldsymbol{y}-\mathrm{y}_{1}=\mathrm{m}\left(\boldsymbol{x}-\mathrm{x}_{1}\right)$ Point-slope form where... $\mathrm{m}=$ slope \& $\left(\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)$ is a point on the line
II. Examples (p.247): Problems \#6, 18,20,28

HW: pp.247-248 / Problems \#1-37(every other odd) Read pp.251-255 (section 3.7)

